

## § 225.5

program together with all pertinent details, information and data requested to the Director;

(c) The State agency is authorized to conduct investigations to determine the status and requirements for survival of resident species;

(d) The State agency is authorized to establish programs, including the acquisition of land or aquatic habitat or interests therein, for the conservation of resident endangered or threatened species; and

(e) Provisions are made for public participation in designating resident species as endangered or threatened.

### § 225.5 Cooperative agreement.

Following receipt of an application by a State for a Cooperative Agreement and a determination by the Director that the State program for endangered and threatened species is adequate and active, the Director shall enter into an Agreement with the State. A Cooperative Agreement is necessary before a Grant-In-Aid Award can be approved for endangered or threatened species projects. The Cooperative Agreement must be reconfirmed annually to insure that it reflects new laws, species lists, rules or regulations, and programs, and to demonstrate that the program is still active and adequate. In order for a State to receive financial assistance, such Cooperative Agreement must also contain:

(a) The actions that are to be taken by the Director and the State;

(b) The benefits that are expected to be derived in connection with the conservation of endangered or threatened species; and

(c) The estimated cost of these actions.

### § 225.6 Allocation of funds.

The Director shall allocate funds, appropriated for the purpose of carrying out section 6 of the Act, to various States using the following as the basis for his determination:

(a) The international commitments of the United States to protect endangered or threatened species;

(b) The readiness of a State to proceed with a conservation program consistent with the objectives and purposes of the Act;

## 50 CFR Ch. II (10–1–96 Edition)

(c) The number of federally listed endangered and threatened species within a State;

(d) The potential for restoring endangered and threatened species within a State; and

(e) The relative urgency to initiate a program to restore and protect an endangered or threatened species in terms of survival of the species.

### § 225.7 Financial assistance.

(a) Before any Federal funds may be obligated for any project to be undertaken in a State, the State must have entered into a Cooperative Agreement. Subsequent to such agreement, the Director may further agree with a State(s) to provide financial assistance in the development and implementation of acceptable projects for the conservation of endangered and threatened species. Documents to provide financial assistance will consist of an Application for Federal Assistance and a Grant-In-Aid Award. The availability of Federal funds under a Grant-In-Aid Award shall be contingent upon the continued existence of the Cooperative Agreement.

(b) To meet the requirements of the Act, the Application for Federal Assistance shall certify that the State agency submitting the project is committed to its execution and that it has been reviewed by the appropriate State officials and is in compliance with other requirements of the Office of Management and Budget Circular No. A-95 (as revised and published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on January 13, 1976 (41 FR 2052)).

(c) The mutual obligations by the cooperating agencies will be set forth in a Grant-In-Aid Award executed between the State and the Director. The Grant-In-Aid Award shall cover the proposed financing and the work items described in the documents supporting it. The form and content for both the Application for Federal Assistance and the Grant-In-Aid Award are provided in the Federal Aid Handbook No. 22.

### § 225.8 Availability of funds.

Funds allocated to a State are available for obligation during the fiscal year for which they are allocated and until the close of the succeeding fiscal